

In support of



Setting the Scene FIX the Enabler & Electronic Trading





Topics

- Overview of FIX and connectivity
- Direct Market Access
- Algorithmic Trading
- Dark Pools and Smart Order Routing





10,000+ firms use FIX globally

• FIX is the market standard for electronic communication between Buy and Sell side



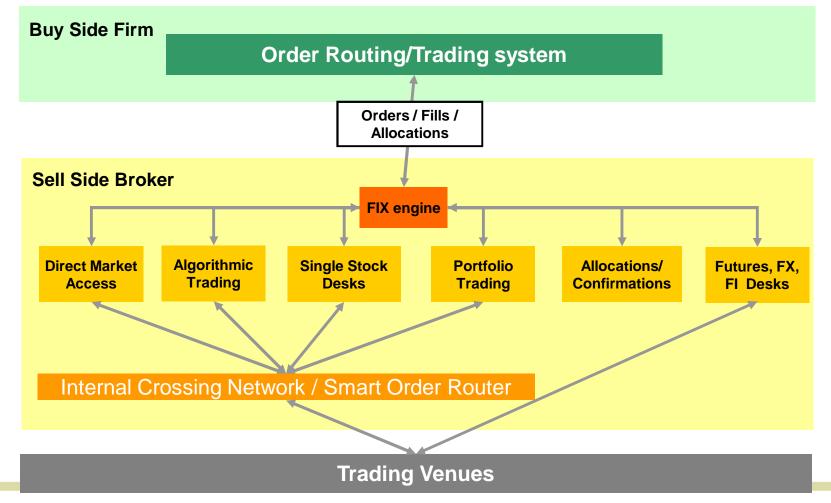
 Developed, owned and managed by leading brokers, vendors and institutional investors to promote increased trade connectivity





FIX – Electronic trading example

Connecting electronically via FIX gives access to a wide range of services.







Clarifying the Terminology

- Worked (or Care) order flow
 - Sending electronic orders to your usual sales-trader for manual acceptance
 - Traditional trading process similar to telephoned orders
- Direct Market Access (DMA)
 - The ability of a buy-side trading desk to route orders directly to an execution venue without intervention by a sell-side trader
 - The sell-side provides memberships, technology, trade support and credit
 - Comprehensive automated checks and controls are in place to protect both the client and the broker

Algorithmic Trading

- Placing an order of a defined quantity into a strategy that automatically generates the timing and size of market orders
- Typically constrained to trade to a benchmark, price or time
- In-house or vendor provided models or broker provided models

Smart Order Routing

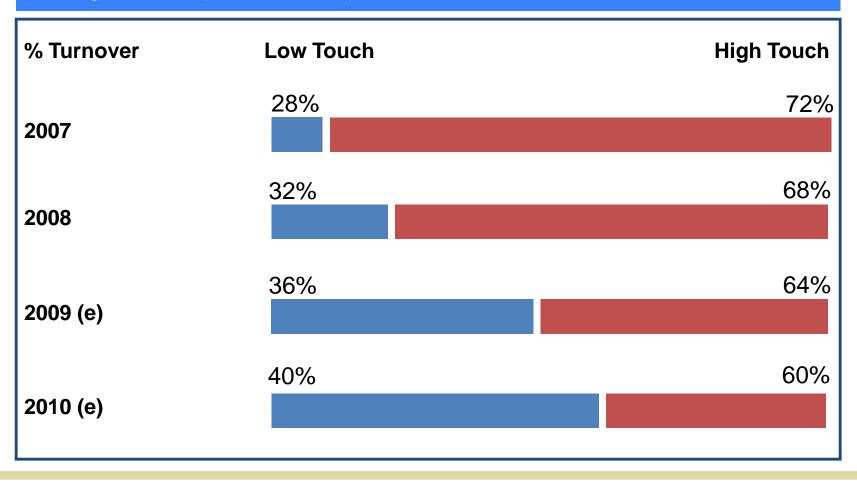
- Algorithmic model for managing multiple liquidity sources
- Can be applied to all trading, including DMA and Algorithmic trading





Growth in DMA and Algorithmic trading

Changes to European Landscape







The drivers towards DMA and Algorithmic Trading

Control

Client wants more control over how the order is executed

Speed

Sometimes want to lift an offer "right now"

Anonymity and Confidentiality

Wants to trade in secret for a variety of reasons

Cost

Low-touch execution leads to a lower execution charge

Unbundling

Payment model allowing clients to decouple execution from advisory

Fragmentation/Competition and Liquidity (US and EU now, Asia future)

Multiple venues for trading the same stock. Algos make it easier





Algorithms and FIX: Same goal, different tools...

- Algorithms/FIX: Same job, new tools
- Offers market participants new tools to improve efficiency and performance
 - New tools make your trading experience better:
 - Do more with less.
 - Improve execution performance.
 - Eliminate communication error.
- Shift in market advantage
 - No longer does size and relationship rule the day. Everyone gets a seat at the table and anonymity means each order is treated the same.







Several types of algorithms have evolved

Schedule driven algorithms

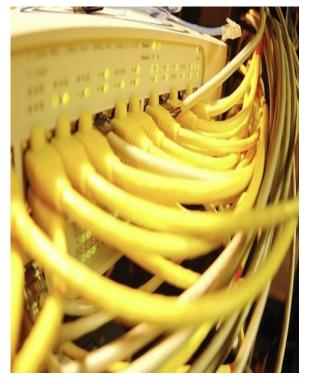
- Structured with fixed start and end, adheres to schedule
 - VWAP, TWAP, AtOpen, AtClose

Mechanical algorithms

- Pegged/Float Algorithms

Market driven algorithms

- Reactive, monitors real-time activity, reacts to events
 - Volume Inline, Price Inline, Implementation Shortfall, etc
- Liquidity Seeking algorithms
 - Pro-active liquidity seeking algorithms, most sophisticated
 - Intelligently accesses multiple 'dark' and 'lit' pools
- Selecting the right algorithm is key
 - Selecting when to use algorithms and which algorithms to use.
 - Seeing a steady move away from VWAP to more price sensitive and liquidity seeking algorithms







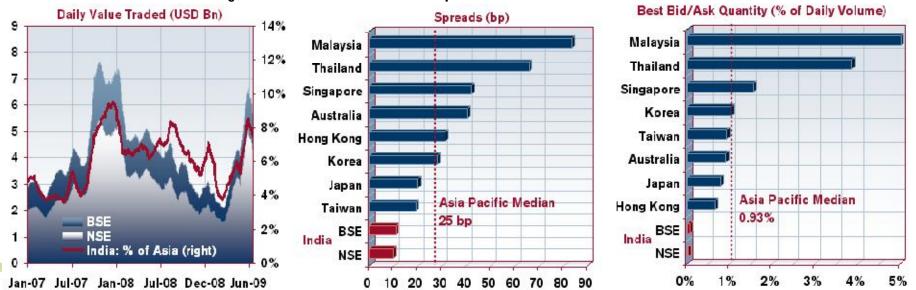
INDIA: Market Structure and Execution Costs

- India's Market structure is Unique
 - High volume: as high as 8% of Asia's total volume
 - Lowest Spreads in the region
 - Relative little shown liquidity on the inside market

Very difficult to trade without market impact.

Algorithms and DMA solutions have to be used with tight constraints

- Anonymity is key in the market
- Algorithms better than DMA
- Users need to employ tight limits
- Algorithms should eliminate block prints from consideration







Defining a dark pool

- "Non-displayed liquidity"
 - Displayed liquidity now being called "light pools"
 - Some categorization will include alternative venues
- An old concept, new name
 - This has been the role of brokers for years
- Categorizing dark Pools by ownership
 - Independent (Liquidnet, BlocSec, Instinet, ITG Posit, etc)
 - Broker/Dealer internal dark pools (CS Crossfinder, UBS PIN, Citi Match)
 - Consortium owned (Turquoise in Eur, BIDS in the US)
 - Exchange owned (Chi-x and SGX proposal in Singapore)
- Regulatory implications affect it differently in each market
 - Some regulation means it still needs to be report to central exchanges





Dark Pools - Why all the buzz?

- Dark pools are theoretically the 'Most Wanted' for institutional buy-side client
 - Trading without impact
 - Moving large orders quickly and with limited risk
- Challenging the status-quo
 - New market venues in addition to the traditional e
- Creating competition
 - New companies means new marketing, new buzz
 - Everyone striving to get involved
- The Buzz
 - Flash Orders: Not so fast...
 - Reg ATS Changes:
 - Actionable IOI's < \$200k must be displayed

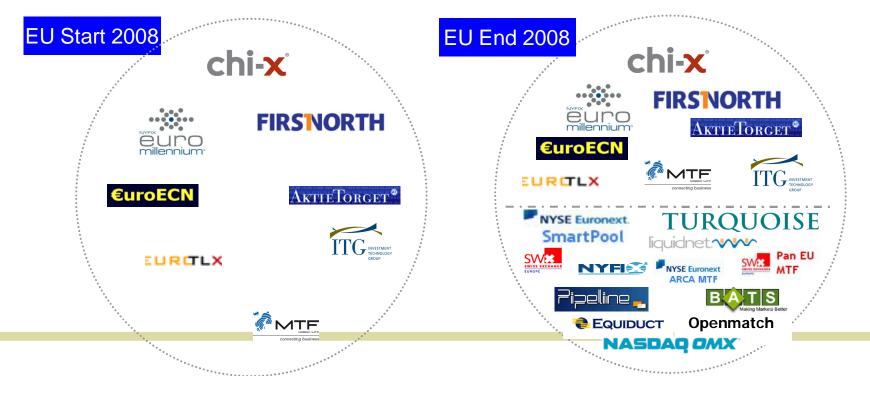






Dark Pools

- In the US market dark pools have gone from relative obscurity pre-2002 to over 40 venues that capture over 12% of US equity market volume
- Europe has seen even faster change
 - Chi-X already seeing almost 20% of FTSE 100 volume

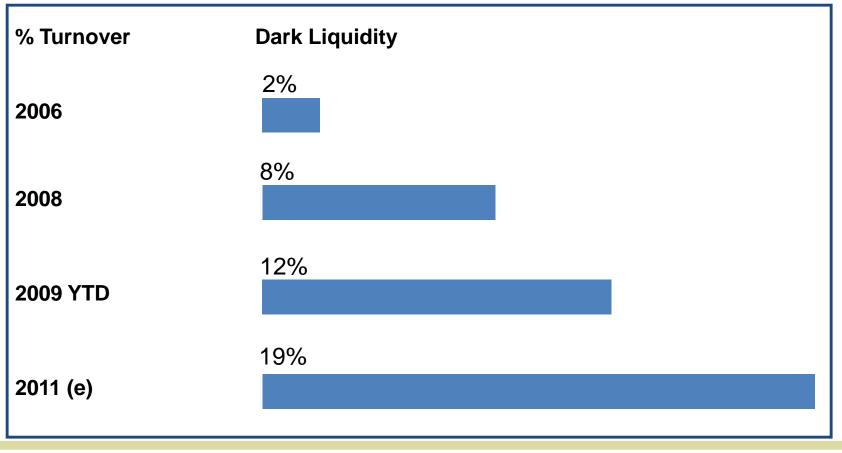






Evolution of the Liquidity Pool

Growth of Dark Pool Volumes in the US

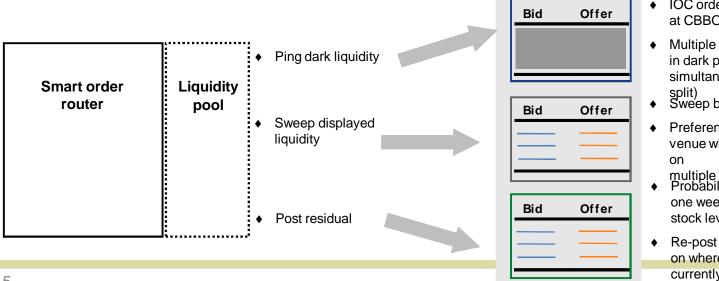






Smart Order Routing

- Whilst common place in US trading and more recently Europe, market fragmentation resulting from new execution venues and dark pools are gradually bringing the concept to the Asia Pacific
- The key to effective trading in a fragmented market is not only having connections but how you treat each individual market to maximise trading opportunities whilst minimising signalling risk
- For example:



- IOC order limited at CBBO
- Multiple orders are placed in dark pools simultaneously (order is split)
- split)
 Sweep based on CBBO
- Preference given to fastest venue where same price on
 - multiple venues Probability is base
- Probability is based on one weekly historical at stock level
- Re-post dynamically based on where liquidity is currently being seen





In Conclusion - The business case for technology

- For "plain" order routing, FIX enhances the business process and is a complement to the phone
- But for products and services such as....
 - Direct Market Access
 - Algorithmic Trading
 - Efficient Crossing and Internalisation
 - Smart Order routing
- FIX is a prerequisite as these services cannot be accessed or carried out manually!